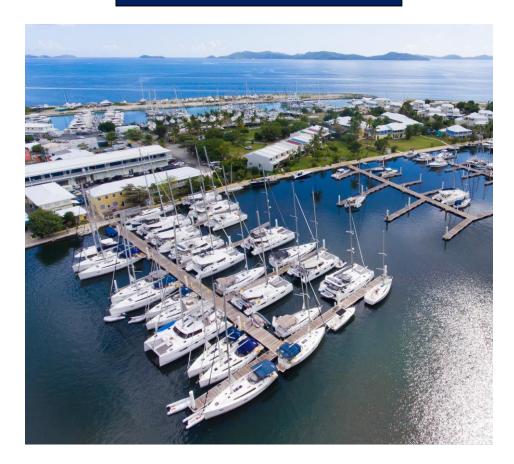


## Information & operations manual for Lagoon 46 Catamaran 2021 'Clearlake III'



# Welcome



Welcome to Horizon Yacht Charters and your Lagoon 46 "Clearlake III". We hope you had a pleasant journey and are looking forward to a fantastic holiday and some of the finest sailing in the world here.

This manual is here to guide you through the operation of your yacht. Please take the time to read this manual and do not hesitate to ask any of our professional, friendly staff if you have any questions.

All the yachts in the Horizon fleet are maintained to the highest standards so that you may enjoy a trouble-free vacation, on a beautiful yacht. Please remember that these yachts are all privately owned, and we ask that you care for it like it was your own.

Best wishes for a great vacation,

Andrew Thompson Director

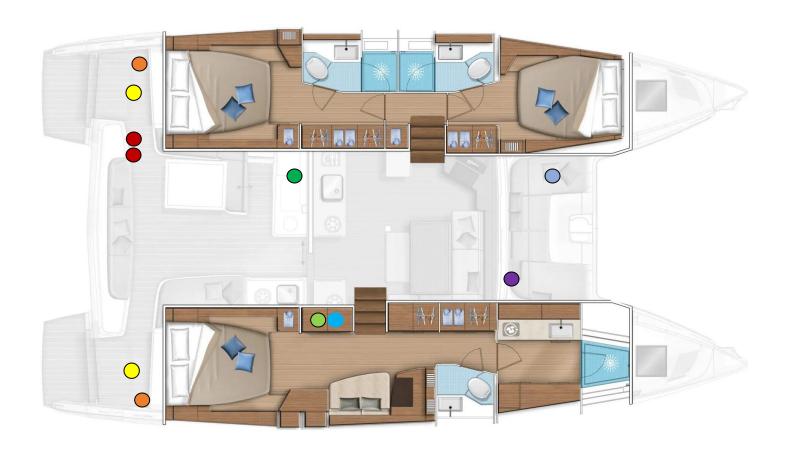
Office Hours:

Monday - Sunday 08:30 - 17:30 **Telephone:** (284) 494 8787

**Duty Manager:** (284) 542 8788 (Technical questions, damage reports and emergencies)

## **Contents**

- 1. Yacht specifications
- 2. 12-volt and 110-volt panels, breakers, and fuses
- 3. Inverter
- 4. Engine start procedures
- 5. Daily engine checks
- 6. Generator and shore power
- 7. Air conditioning
- 8. Electronics
- 9. VHF procedure
- 10. Batteries
- 11. Anchoring and using the windlass
- 12. Picking up a mooring buoy
- 13. Bilge pumps
- 14. Fresh water systems and Watermaker
- 15. Heads
- 16. Showers
- 17. Stove and propane
- 18. Refrigeration
- 19. BBQ
- 20. Fire safety
- 21. Dinghy and outboard
- 22. Dinghy lift



Length 45'11"
Beam 26' 1"
Draft 4' 3"
Fuel 2 x 137 G
Water X2 79 Gall

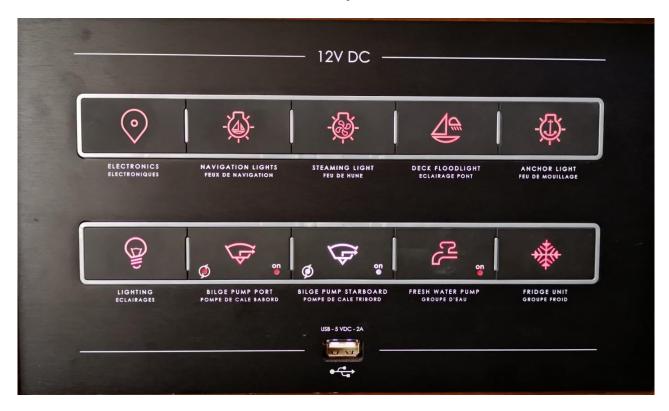
Water X2 79 Gallons Engines 2 x 57hp Yanmar 4JH 57

**Generator** Northern Lights

## **Location of:**

- Engines (starboard and port aft ENG rooms)
- Generator (beneath port bow seating)
- Manual bilge pumps (cockpit both sides)
- Propane tank (FWD cockpit seating)
- Water tank refill (STBD bow)
- Electric winch breaker (STBD aft cabin cupboard)
- Windlass breaker (STBD aft cabin cupboard)
- Diesel fills (port aft cockpit)
- Fuel shut off valves (below the port and starboard aft berths)

## 12-volt panel



## 12v switches:

## **Top Row:**

Electronics Navigation Lights Steaming Light Deck Floodlight Anchor Light

#### **Lower Row:**

Cabin Lights

Port Primary Bilge Pump (hit once for auto and twice for manual)

Stbd Primary Bilge Pump (hit once for auto and twice for manual)

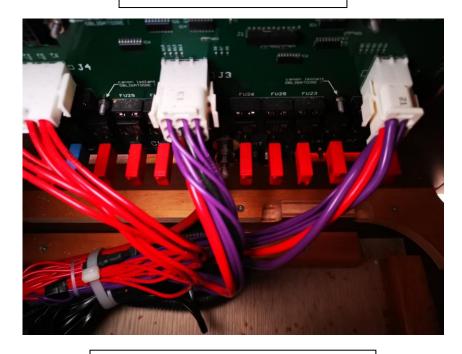
Fresh Water Pump

Refrigerator

**Note:** Switches flash if there is a fault. Fuses behind the 12V panel can be reset if there is a fault.

## **Breakers and Fuses**

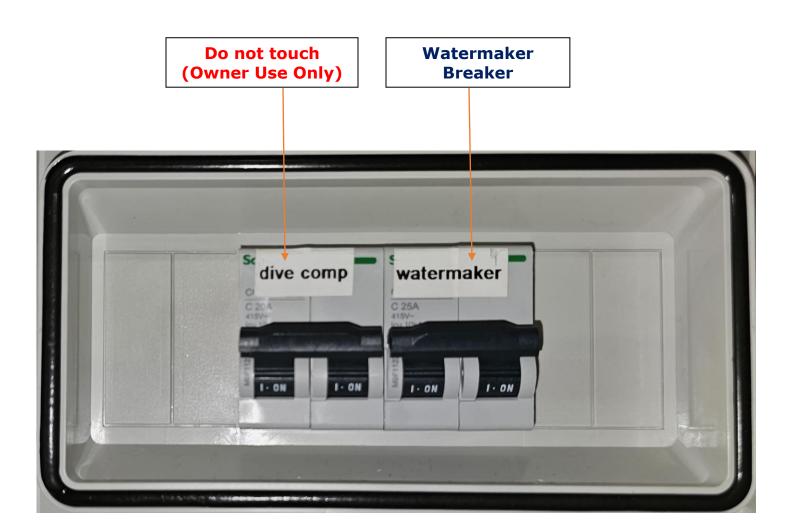
## **Fuses Behind 12V Panel**



Resettable fuses in starboard forward companion way locker



## **Below the resettable fuses**



## 110V/ Shore Power Breakers behind starboard aft cabin door

Main Air Conditioning

Shore Power

Schreider

Schreider

Conditioning

Conditi

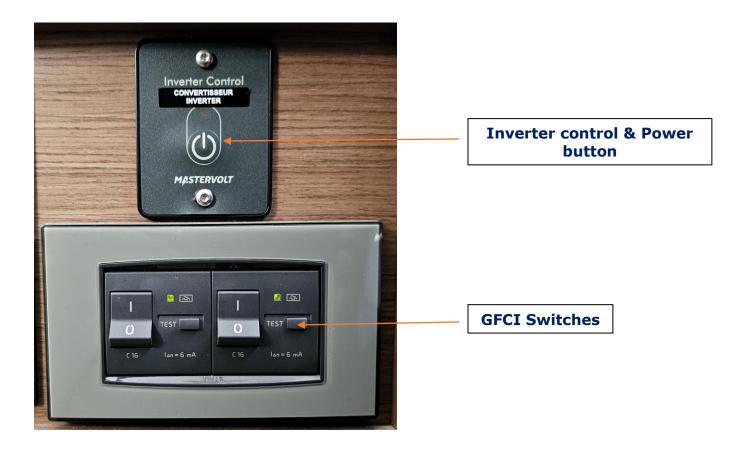
3. Inverter

**Warning:** Leaving the Inverter turned on will severely deplete the house batteries. For that reason, it is better to run the engines at the same time. **If you have the Generator running, there is no need to use the Inverter.** 

Clearlake III is equipped with a built-in Mastervolt 2000-Watt power inverter that allows you to have access to all outlets when the boat is underway. There is a remote switch located below the 12V panel that enables you to turn the inverter on.

To avoid additional drain on your batteries while operating electrical appliances, the engine should be turned on and revved up to 1400 rpm **IN NEUTRAL** 

Switch the inverter off when you are not using it to help preserve battery power.



**Note:** The inverter will not operate the air conditioning unit; this is only available under generator power or shore power.

## **Inverter breaker companionway locker**

Close sliding to door to access locker

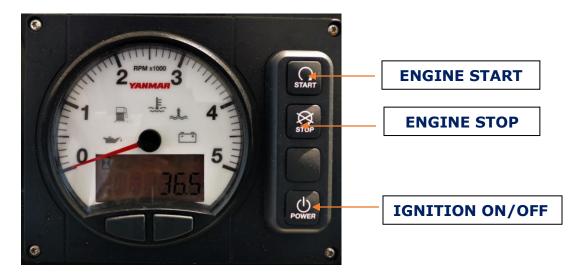


Mastervolt inverter in starboard aft cabin

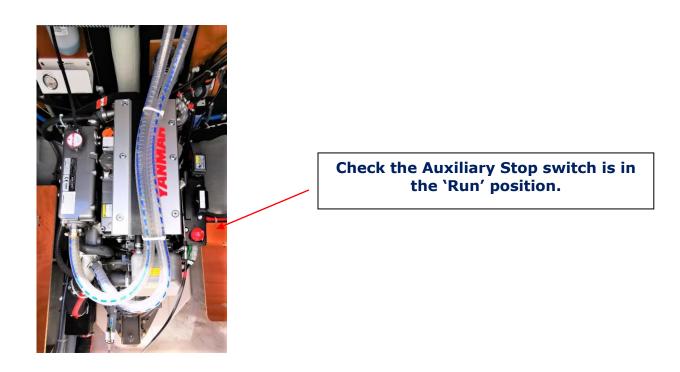


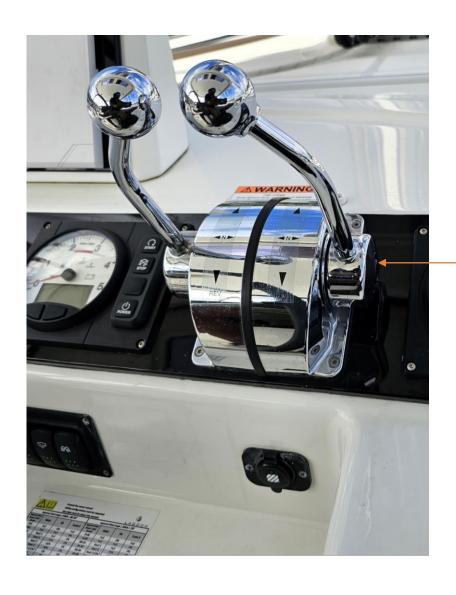
You have two engines and therefore two start panels. You must switch on both engines to manoeuvre the vessel.

- Make sure that the throttles are in neutral.
- Turn on the engine ignition by pressing the Power button on the panel.
- Press and hold the start button.
- Once the engines are running, check that you have cooling water coming out of the exhausts.
- To stop the engine, press and hold the stop button until the engine stops.
- Turn off the ignition panel by pressing and holding the Power button.



Should you have difficulty starting one of the engines then turn on the emergency parallel switch in the port engine room. Remember to turn this off again after starting the engines.





Hold in to disengage transmission.

EMERGENCY PARALLEL SWITCH PORT ENG COMP.

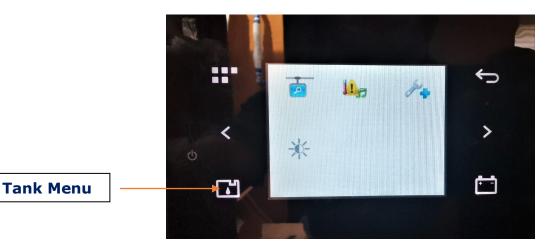


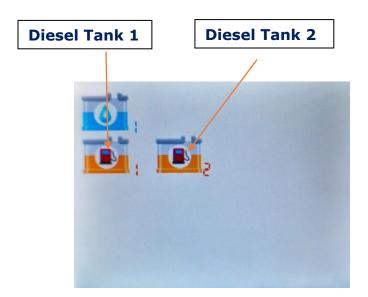
STBD ENGINE COMP.

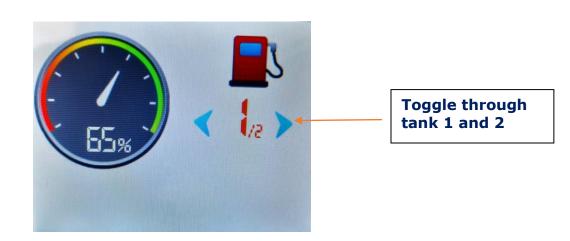


**Note:** Should you hear an engine alarm during operation, check which light is on and immediately shut down the engine **- CALL HORIZON** 

## **Checking Diesel Fuel**





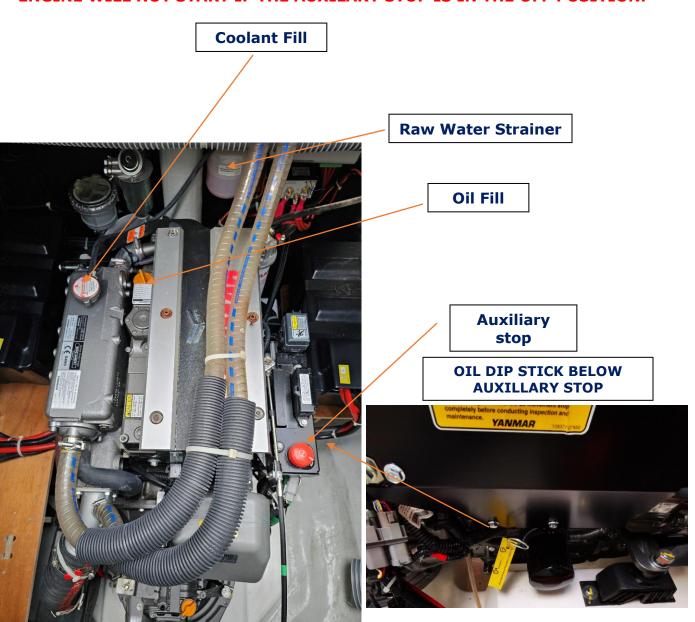


The engines are in the transoms, one in each hull. It is important that you complete the following checks on both engines.

- Check the oil level using the dip stick located on the right of the engine. The level should be at least halfway between the empty and full marks. To add oil, open the orange oil filler cap on the top of the engine.
- In front of the engine, mounted on the bulkhead, is the engine coolant reservoir (hidden from view on the picture). The coolant level should be between the maximum and minimum lines.
- Check for any engine leaks or bilge water below engine.
- Check the belt for any damage and correct tension.

#### **KEEP HANDS CLEAR OF ALL MOVING PARTS.**

#### ENGINE WILL NOT START IF THE AUXILARY STOP IS IN THE OFF POSITION.



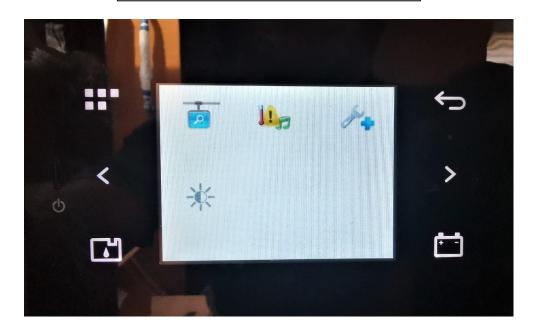
## YOU MUST NOT RUN THE GENERATOR WHEN UNDERWAY.

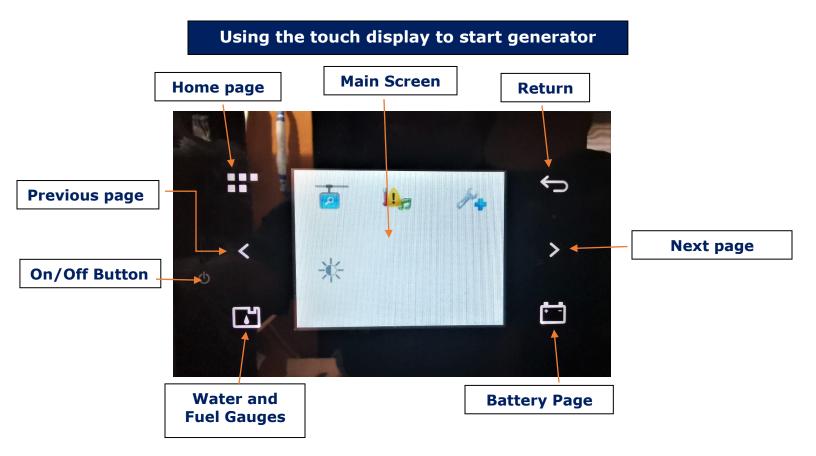
Clearlake III is fitted with its own Onan generator which will run the 110v outlets, the air conditioning and will also charge the batteries instead of the engine.

Before starting the generator ensure the air conditioning units are off (Turn off all the AC Units before leaving the dock). The transfer switches are in the starboard forward cabin locker but only need to be operated manually if there is a fault with the touch display at the nav station.

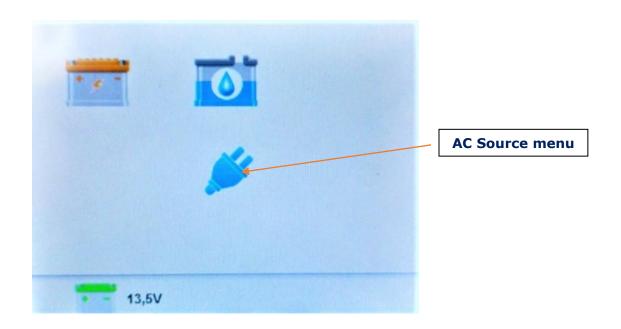


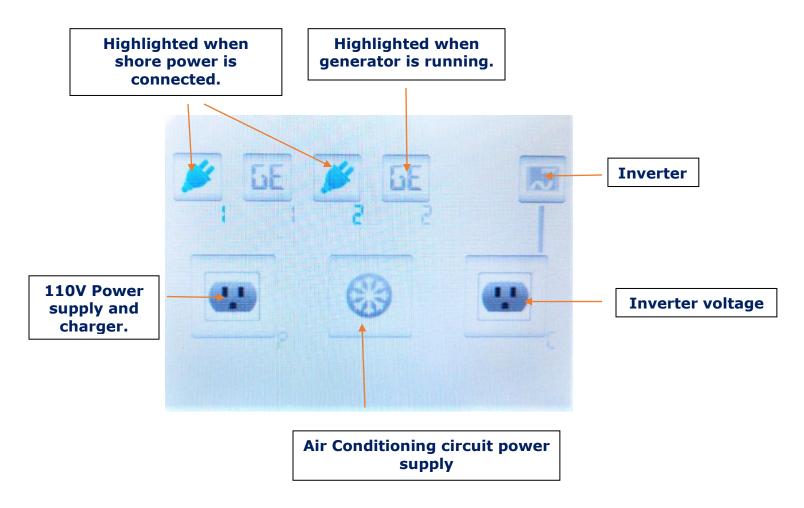
## Touch display at the nav station



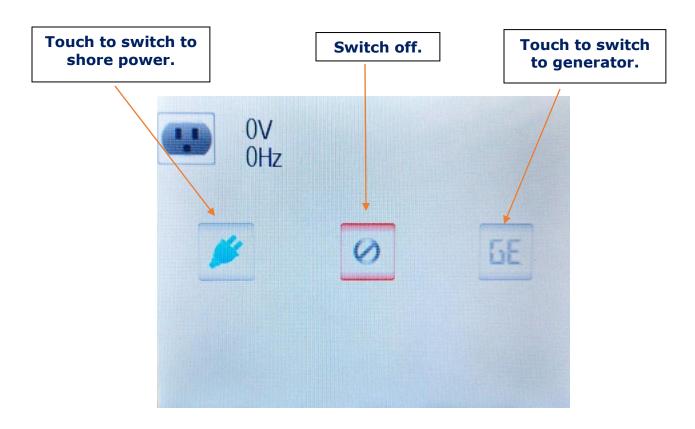


Hit the return button while on the main page to the screen below and then the AC Source menu to get to the next page.

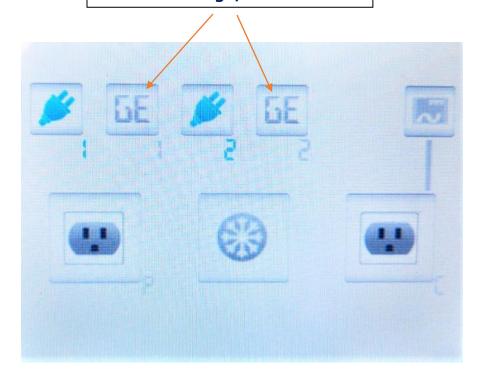




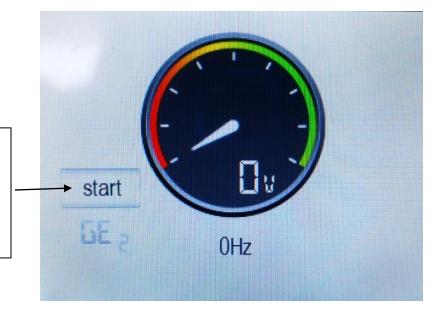
Hit 110V power supply or Air Conditioning to get to the individual transfer switch.



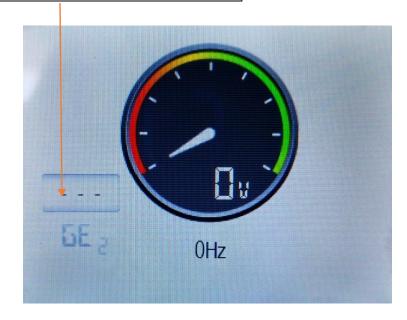
To start generator, touch the generator key on either side, 110V or Air conditioning to get to the voltage/start menu.



Generator voltage and start menu.

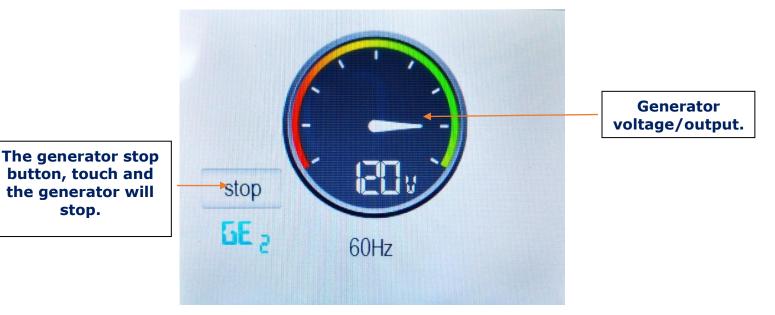


Touch start and the generator will automatically prime and start. Three dashes flashing when generator is starting.



Generator is running.

stop.



Once you have started the generator, gradually apply load by turning on the AC Units 5 minutes apart. This is to avoid overloading the generator.

Before hitting the stop button on the generator ensure all the air conditioning units are off, let the generator run for 5 minutes (cool down).

## How to switch the boat off from shore power

- **1.** Turn off all the air conditioning units at their individual panels.
- 2. Push the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen until you reach the start page.
- 3. Select the "AC Source Menu" button which is shaped like a blue electrical plug.
- 4. Select the "110V Power supply and charger" which is shaped like a grey outlet.
- **5.** The electrical plug symbol will be lit up in blue to represent it receiving power from the shore.
- **6.** Select the stop sign in the middle of the screen and wait for it to light up with a red border.
- **7.** Push the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen to return to the previous screen.
- **8.** Select the "Air Conditioning circuit power supply" button which is shaped like a snowflake.
- **9.** The electrical plug will be lit up in blue to represent it receiving power from the shore. Hit the stop sign in the middle of the screen and wait for it to light up with a red border.
- **10.** You can now turn off the breaker on the pedestal on the dock and safely unplug from shore power. The power cord comes with you, any adaptors remain on the dock.

## **How to switch the boat on to shore power**

## PLEASE NOTE THAT PLUGGING INTO ANY SHORE POWER OUTSIDE OF NANNY CAY MARINA IS AT YOUR OWN RISK. YOU ARE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED TO THE BOAT DUE TO POWER SURGES.

- **1.** Plug in your power cables to the boat and then to the dock.
- **2.** Turn on any breakers on the dock.
- **3.** Hit the "**return**" button on the panel around the edge of the screen until you reach the start page.
- 4. Select the "AC Source Menu" button which is shaped like a blue electrical plug.
- **5.** Select the **"110V Power supply and charger"** which is shaped like a grey outlet.
- **6.** The stop sign will have a red border around it. Push the **"plug"** symbol on the left of the screen and wait for it to light up in blue. The boat is now charging and receiving 110V to the outlets.
- **7.** Push the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen to return to the previous screen.
- **8.** Select the "Air Conditioning circuit power supply" button which is shaped like a snowflake.
- **9.** The stop symbol will have a red border around it.
- **10.** Push the "plug" symbol on the right of the screen and wait for it to light up with a blue border. The boat is now receiving power to the air conditioning units from the shore power.

## How to switch the boat on to generator power

- **1.** Make sure the generator is on you will hear it running.
- 2. Hit the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen until you reach the start page.
- 3. Select the "AC Source Menu" button which is shaped like a blue electrical plug.
- **4.** Select the **"110V Power supply and charger"** which is shaped like a grey outlet.
- **5.** The stop symbol will have a red border around it.
- **6.** Push the GE button on the right of the screen and wait for it to light up with a blue border. The boat is now charging and receiving 110V to the outlets.
- **7.** Push the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen to return to the previous screen.
- **8.** Select the "Air Conditioning circuit power supply" button which is shaped like a snowflake.
- **9.** The stop symbol will have a red border around it.
- **10.** Push the "**GE**" symbol on the right of the screen and wait for it to light up with a blue border. The boat is now receiving power to the air conditioning units from the generator.
- **11.** Turn on each air conditioning unit one by one, leaving a few minutes between each one to not overload the generator.

## How to switch the boat off from generator power

- **1.** Turn off all air conditioning units at their individual panels.
- 2. Hit the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen until you reach the start page.
- 3. Select the "AC Source Menu" button which is shaped like a blue electrical plug.
- **4.** Select the **"110V Power supply and charger"** which is shaped like a grey outlet.
- **5.** The GE symbol will be lit up in blue to represent it receiving power from the generator. Hit the stop sign in the middle of the screen and wait for it to light up with a red border.
- **6.** Push the "return" button on the panel around the edge of the screen to return to the previous screen.
- 7. Select the "Air Conditioning circuit power supply" button which is shaped like a snowflake.
- **8.** The GE symbol will be lit up in blue to represent it receiving power from the generator. Hit the stop sign in the middle of the screen and wait for it to light up with a red border.

## To stop the generator:

- **1.** Let the generator run for 5 minutes to cool down.
- 2. Move the generator control switch to the STOP position (Down).



GFCI switches are below 12-Volt panel. If there is no power coming from your outlets, ensure these switches are in the on

## **Resetting the generator**

If the generator is running but the 110 sockets and Ac units are not powering up, reset breaker to the left of generator control panel.

Cummins Onan Generator, port bow locker



## **Generator Reset Breaker**



DC Circuit Breakers, Emergency Stop, Hour meter and Start/Stop (Prime)



#### **Generator raw water strainer:**

Please do not run the generator when sargassum seaweed is present. The generator raw water strainer is under the port midship floorboard and can pick up seaweed and other debris in the water. This can cause your generator to malfunction because of the lack of water flow.

## Cleaning the raw water strainer:



**Generator Strainer Port midship bilge** 

## Cleaning the raw water strainer:

- 1. Before you clean the strainer ensure the raw water intake valve is closed.
- 2. Remove the housing cover.
- **3.** Remove and clean the strainer.
- **4.** Refit strainer.
- **5.** Prime the strainer by pouring water into it until it overflows.
- **6.** Refit housing cover.
- **7.** Open the raw water intake valve.
- **8.** Start the generator.
- **9.** Make sure water is coming out of the exhaust.

If you still have a problem running the generator after cleaning the strainer, check for water in the strainer. If there is no water in the strainer it means the raw water intake is blocked.

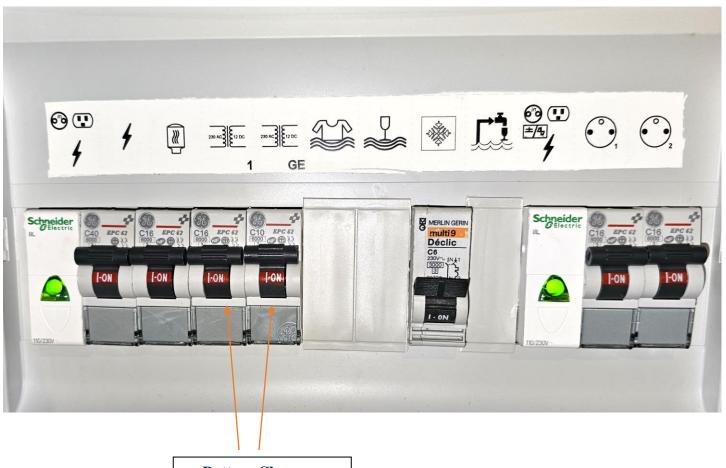
## Clearing a blockage from the generator raw water intake:

- 1. Get the dinghy air pump.
- **2.** Close the intake valve.
- **3.** Remove cover and strainer from the housing.
- **4.** Place the nozzle of the dinghy pump into the opening that is connected to the intake hose.
- **5.** Open the intake valve.
- **6.** Use the pressure of the dinghy pump to force the blockage out.
- **7.** Once you have cleared the blockage, prime the strainer by pouring water into it until it overflows.
- **8.** Refit housing cover and start generator.
- **9.** Make sure water is coming from the generator exhaust.

If you are unable to open the strainer, remove the intake hose where it is connected to the strainer by undoing the hose clamps and use the dinghy pump to force out the blockage.

## Shore power/generator breakers

## **Behind Stbd Aft Cabin Door**



## **Battery Chargers**

## **GFCI Switches**



GFCI switches are below 12-Volt panel. If there is no power coming from your outlets, ensure these switches are in the on

## **Generator/Shore Power Breakers Behind Generator**





## **Cabin Air conditioning**

The air conditioning units will operate when the vessel is plugged in to shore power or when the generator is running. Each cabin has its own individual air conditioning unit, the starboard cabin has two units and there is a 5<sup>th</sup> unit located in the salon.



The air conditioning units should be turned on **after** the generator has been running for 5 minutes (or once the boat is plugged into shore power) and the breakers should be shut **off** before stopping the generator or unplugging from shore power.

Ensure the companionway and all hatches are closed; otherwise, the compressors will freeze up.

## Starting the air conditioning:

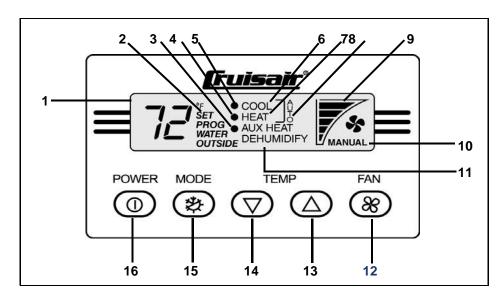
- Switch on the required units 5 minutes apart.
- Each of these units also has an individual control which allows users to alter the settings for the individual units.

## Using the unit control panels:

- Switch the remote units on using the 'power' button.
- Set the temperature using the 'temp' arrow controls.
- The units will work best if the minimum temperature is set no lower than 70 degrees. Set it below this and you risk frosting up the unit and causing it to shut down.
- Only select the 'cool' mode. Press the mode button until the cool option is displayed on the unit.
- The remote panel will automatically display the ambient temperature.
- Control the fan strength using the 'fan' button.
- Switch the units off by pressing the 'power' button.

AC Breakers are in the starboard aft cabin beside locker

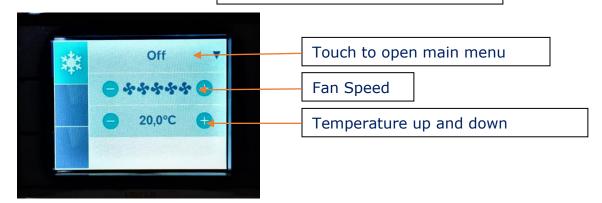




**Diagram Description of Control Display Panel and Indicators** 

	Diagram Description of Control Display I after and indicator		
1	<b>Data Display</b> - Large LCD readout displays current temperature, set point, programmed values, and error messages.	9	Fan Speed Indicator - A row of five bars indicate the current fan speed, with more bars indicating a higher fan speed and fewer bars indicating a lower fan speed.
2	<b>Set Point Indicator</b> - Display shows SET when set point is being adjusted. Normally display defaults to inside temperature.	10	Fan Mode Indicator - The word MANUAL displays when the fan is running in Manual Fan Mode. The word MANUAL does not display when the fan is running in Automatic Fan Mode.
3	Aux Heating Indicator and Aux Heat Mode Indicator (optional) - A solid dot displays next to the words AUX HEAT when the electric heater is on and running in Aux Heat mode. The words AUX HEAT display when you are in Aux Heat mode. (Press the MODE button to select the optional Aux Heat Mode.) See Programmable Function "23: Aux Heat Enabled/Disabled" on page 12.	11	Dehumidify Mode Indicator - The word DEHUMIDIFY displays when you are in Dehumidification Mode. It flashes if optional humidity sensor is connected and operating in the Cooling Mode. (Press the MODE button to select Dehumidification Mode.)
4	<b>Heating Indicator</b> - A solid dot displays next to the word HEAT when the compressor is on and running in Heat mode.	12	FAN Button - Press to select Manual or Automatic Fan Mode, indicated by the word MANUAL displaying or not displaying. In Manual Fan Mode, additional presses of the FAN button will adjust fan speed higher, then lower, then back to Automatic. In Automatic Fan Mode, fan speed is controlled by the microprocessor as a function of the difference between set point and inside temperature. See Programmable Function "4: Fan Response Differential" on page 9.
5	Cooling Indicator - A solid dot displays next to the word COOL when the compressor is on and running in Cool mode.	13	UP Button - Press to adjust set point up. In programming mode press to scroll through program modes and adjust values.
6	Cool Mode Indicator - The word COOL displays when you are in Cool mode. (Press the MODE button to select Cool Mode.)	14	<b>DOWN Button</b> - Press to adjust set point down. In programming mode press to scroll through program modes and adjust values.
7	Heat Mode Indicator - The word HEAT displays when you are in Heat mode. (Press the MODE button to select Heat Mode.)	15	MODE Button - Press to cycle through the modes of operation (refer to indicators). Mode sequence selections are COOL, HEAT, AUTO, AUX HEAT (optional), and DEHUMIDIFY.
8	AUTO Mode Indicator - A bracket and the word AUTO display to the right of the words COOL and HEAT when you are in Auto Mode. If optional Aux Heat is enabled (see Programmable Function "23: Aux Heat Enabled/Disabled" on page 12), a bracket and the word AUTO display to the right of the words COOL and AUX HEAT. (Press the MODE button to select Auto Mode.)	16	POWER Button - Press to turn the system on and off. Note that the Data Display remains on in the Off mode. You can continue to adjust set point, display temperature readings, and activate the manual fan to circulate air while the system is in the Off Mode.

## **Saloon AC Control**



## **Main Menu**



When Automatic mode is selected the system provides both heating and cooling, as required.

Only the cooling system operates.

Only the heating system operates.

This mode controls humidity during periods when the vessel is unoccupied and prevents the cabin temperature from dropping below the minimum default temperature setting.

## **Air Conditioning ON**



## **AC troubleshooting**

**Iced up unit:** You can tell a unit is iced up when it is running but there is no air coming out of the AC vent. You can also look at the actual unit, it will be covered in ice. Turn off unit and let defrost. You can also move the mode from cooling to heat for about 5 to 10 mins until you feel air coming out the vent again.

**Unit not cooling:** Check temperature settings. Ensure mode is set to cool.

**HPF (Hight pressure fault):** The AC units on the Clearlake III are water cooled. A high-pressure fault means that there is air in the system (lack of water flow). Check the sides of the vessel and make sure water is coming out of the AC outlets on the hull. If there is no raw water flow the unit will need bleeding.

**Bleeding AC unit:** Bleeding the unit means letting the air out the system until there is a steady flow of water to cool unit. On Clearlake III the unit is bled from the line connected to the AC pump. First turn the unit on to restart the Air conditioning pump. Undo the hose clamps on the line connected to the pump and remove it enough to let air and water out. Once there is a steady flow of water refit the hose and retighten the hose clamps, check if water is coming out the side of the vessel. The Ac strainer can also pick up seaweed and debris and might require cleaning at times.

Speak to the manager on duty before attempting to bleed AC-Unit.





**AC Intake and Strainer** 

Located on the Flybridge are a B&G Triton<sup>2</sup> digital display and autopilot controller, B&G Triton<sup>2</sup> Autopilot control and a B&G Zeus<sup>3</sup> 3 Chart plotter.



**B&G** Triton<sup>2</sup> digital display and autopilot display

## 1. Pages key

- With no menu active:
- Press to scroll through the enabled data pages (Wind speed + Direction, depth, boat speed and autopilot)
- Press and hold to display a list of enabled pages from where you can directly select the page to display.
- Menu and dialog operation: Press to return to previous menu level or to exit a dialog.

## 2. Arrow keys

• Press to move up and down in menus and dialogs. Press to adjust a value.

## 3. Enter key

- Press to select a menu option and to enter the next menu level.
- Press to activate/deactivate a menu/dialog option.

## 4. MENU/Backlight key

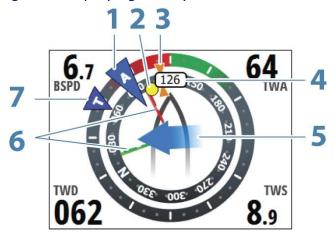
Press once to display the page menu.

Double press to display the Settings menu.

Press and hold to display the Display setup dialog from where you can adjust the display backlight.

## SailSteer page (Wind Speed and Direction)

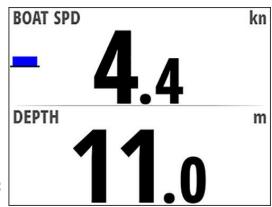
Core Sailing data displaying all key data relative to the yacht's bow for easy visualization.



- 1 Apparent wind \*
- 2 Bearing to current waypoint \*
- 3 COG (Course Over Ground) \*
- 4 Vessel heading
- 5 Tide rate and relative direction \*
- 6 Port (red) and Starboard (green) Laylines \*
- **7** TWA (True Wind Angle) Green if on TWA upwind or downwind. Blue if off target by 10° or more, or on a free leg. The indicator will fade from blue to green the closer you get to the exact angle.

## Speed/Depth page

Basic speed in knots and depth (Depth is in ft). Depth is read from under the keel.



**Autopilot:** 

## Safe operation with the autopilot

▲ Warning: An autopilot is a useful navigational aid but DOES NOT replace a human navigator.

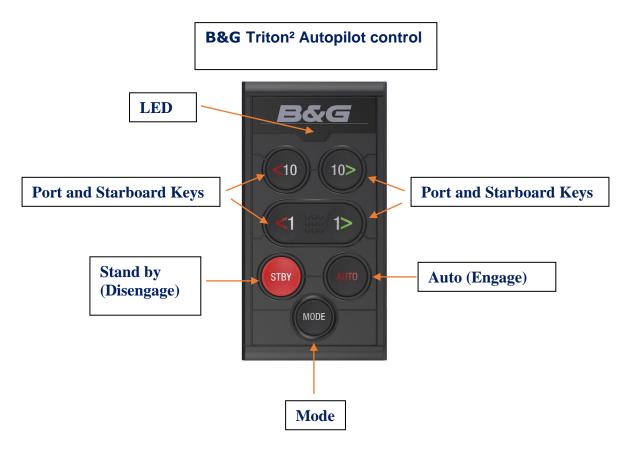
**Note:** You can disengage the autopilot at any time by pressing the **STBY** key on the Triton<sup>2</sup> Pilot controller.

## Do not use automatic steering when:

- In heavy traffic areas or in narrow waters
- In poor visibility or extreme sea conditions
- When in areas where use of an autopilot is prohibited by law

## When using an autopilot:

- · Do not leave the helm unattended.
- Do not place any magnetic material or equipment near the heading sensor used by the autopilot system.
- Verify at regular intervals the course and position of the vessel.
- Always switch to Standby mode and reduce speed in time to avoid hazardous situations.



#### LED:

## Port and starboard keys:

**In Standby mode:** press to activate Non-Follow Up mode (NFU). **In AUTO mode:** 

- Press a key to change set heading 1° or 10° to port or starboard.
- For boat type set to SAIL: Press and hold both port keys or both starboard keys to start a tack/gybe.

#### In NoDrift mode:

Press a key to change set heading 1° or 10° to port or starboard.

#### In Wind mode:

- Press to change set wind angle 1° or 10° to port or starboard.
- Press both 1° keys to start a tack/gybe.

## **AUTO key:**

Press to activate AUTO mode.

## **MODE** key:

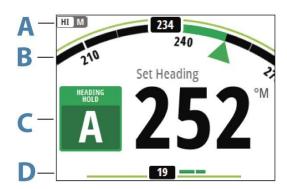
*Note:* Only used when the autopilot is in AUTO or NoDrift mode.

## **Press once to select mode:**

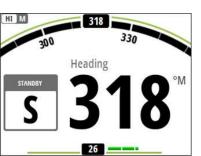
- For boat type set to SAIL: activates Wind mode (A)
- Press and hold to activate NAV mode (C)

## STBY (Stand by) key):

Press to activate Standby mode.



- A. Performance/Response/Profile mode
- B. Heading indicator, analog and digital
- **C.** Autopilot mode indication
- **D.** Rudder indicator, analog and digital



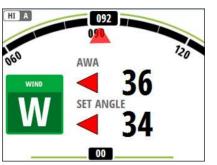
**Autopilot modes** 

## **Standby mode:**

Standby mode is used when you steer the boat at the helm.

Switch to Standby mode by pressing the STBY key.

**Note:** If you press one of the port or starboard keys while in Standby mode, the autopilot will switch to Non-Follow Up mode.



#### Wind mode:

**Note:** Wind mode is only available when the boat type is set to SAIL. It is not possible to activate wind mode if wind information is missing.

When wind mode is engaged, the autopilot captures the current wind angle as steering reference and adjusts the heading of the

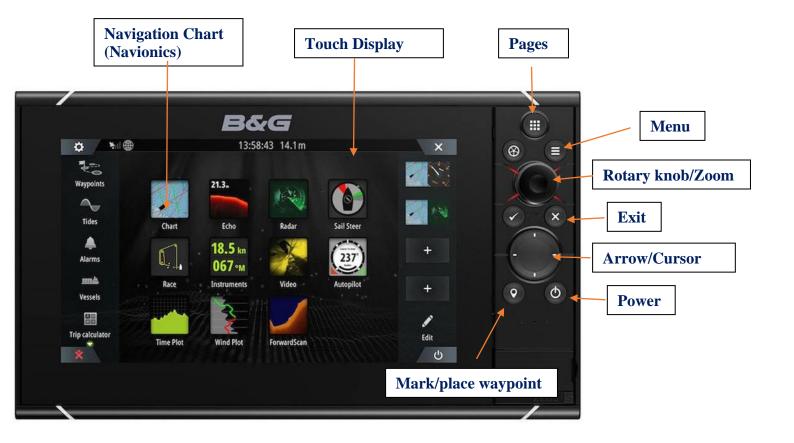
boat to maintain this wind angle.

Prior to entering wind mode, the autopilot system must be operating in AUTO mode and with valid input from the wind transducer.

 Switch to Wind mode by pressing the MODE key when the autopilot is in AUTO mode.

The autopilot will now keep the boat on the set wind angle until a new mode is selected or a new wind angle is set.

A Warning: In wind mode the autopilot steers to the apparent or true wind angle and not to a compass heading. Any wind shift could result in the vessel steering on an undesired course.



## **Trouble Shooting Nav Instruments:**

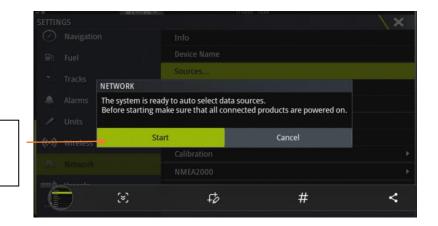
If you are no longer seeing data for specific sources (Depth, Windspeed, rudder position) on the chart plotter or the Triton digital display it means the data sources are no longer communicating with the system. This is an easy fix, just follow the steps below.

- 1. Select Settings.
- 2. Select Network.
- 3. Select Sources.
- 4. Hit Auto select.
- **5.** Hit Start.

The system will then auto-select all the relevant data sources. Hit okay to complete.

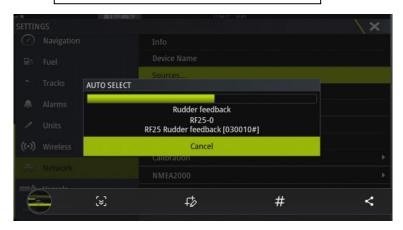






Start (System is ready to auto select data sources)

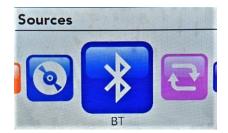
### System auto selecting data sources





### Connecting your device via Bluetooth:

Hit the source button and select BT (Bluetooth).



Hit the Menu button and select discoverable.



Open Bluetooth settings on your device and scan for Bluetooth devices. The stereo should show up in your list of devices as 'Clearlake III.' An option should show up on your display asking to pair with device and confirm pairing code, select 'OK.' Once paired our song selection and device name will show up on the stereo's digital display.

Push to Volume rocker to adjust the volume in individual zones (Salon and Cockpit)



**VHF Procedures** 



### Using the VHF radio:

Familiarize yourself with the method for switching channels, and with the squelch and volume controls on your radio. Most radios have a button to instantly select Channel 16 – ensure you understand how this operates, or you could end up speaking on Ch. 16 when you think you are on some other channel.

- **1.** Make sure the radio is switched on, volume quite high, power to high unless the station you are calling is very close.
- **2.** Squelch up until loud hissing, and then back a little until the noise *just* stops.
- **3.** Select the channel for calling (Channel 16, unless specified otherwise).
- **4.** Press switch on microphone when speaking. Release immediately.

If no response, wait two minutes and repeat the call. If still no response, wait a further two minutes before trying again. If calling on Channel 16, it is especially important to switch to a working channel after the contact is established. Do not use Channel 16 for your conversations – this channel is for hailing and distress only.

### **Channels to use:**

- **16** Hailing and Distress.
- **74** Contact Horizon Yacht Charters (when in range).
- Yacht Charter Companies working channel assigned for yacht breakdown servicing and emergency only.
- 68 Marinas and Yacht Clubs for lunch/dinner reservations etc.
- **O6** Ship to Ship along with Channel 68 and 77 can be used for contact between boats.

If your vessel is involved in a non-life-threatening incident with an object or with another vessel, it is important that you contact the Horizon Office immediately at 494 8787 or 542 8788. Please remember to get as much information as possible about your location, the other vessel's description and what damage has been done to your vessel so that we can best assist you.

# Failure to report any accidents or incidents in a timely manner may result in nullification of your hull damage insurance.

### **Types of emergencies:**

In the unlikely event that you are involved in an emergency stay calm and follow these steps. You will also have an Emergency Procedure card next to your VHF.

Distress: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY." This is an International Distress signal and an imperative call for assistance. It is used only when a life or vessel is in grave and imminent danger.

Mayday Relay: used to summon help for a vessel which is either too far offshore to contact the coastguard directly, without radio capabilities or whose radio has been damaged or destroyed.

Urgency: "PAN-PAN, PAN-PAN, PAN-PAN" This is the International Urgency Signal and is used when a vessel or person is in some jeopardy but is not considered to be in grave and imminent danger.

Medical emergency: "PAN-PAN MEDICO, PAN-PAN MEDICO" (Pronounced med-ick-oh). This is an International Urgency Signal that should be used when medical advice is needed.

Safety: "SECURITE, SECURITE" (Pronounced Say-cure-it-tay). This is an International Safety Signal and is a message about some aspect of navigational safety or a weather warning.

### How to issue an emergency message

Select Channel 16 and press transmit button on handset.

Say slowly and clearly 'MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY, CALLING ALL STATIONS.

This is.... (Vessel name) ....' and repeat vessel name 3 times.

Give position – vessel's position in degrees of latitude and longitude or nautical miles from, and bearing to, a navigational landmark.

Describe emergency – list the problem, the type of assistance needed; number of passengers aboard (boat length, hull colour and type are also useful).

Wait 1 minute for a response, repeat message.

**ALTERNATIVELY:** Dial either 767 or 999 from any BVI mobile phone or call 494- HELP (4357).

10. Batteries

There are 3 ways to recharge your batteries.

Keeping your house batteries charged is essential to ensuring your 12volt systems will work. Fridges, lights, fans, stereos, and Navigation instruments are some of the most important ones and of course using them draws power from your house batteries. If you conserve energy, you will not need to charge as often. If something is not being used, then turn it off. We often explain that 12-volt power is like water; you need to replace what you use. You can recharge your batteries with the auxiliary engine(s) or your 110-volt battery charger when running the generator or on shore power.

### **Engines:**

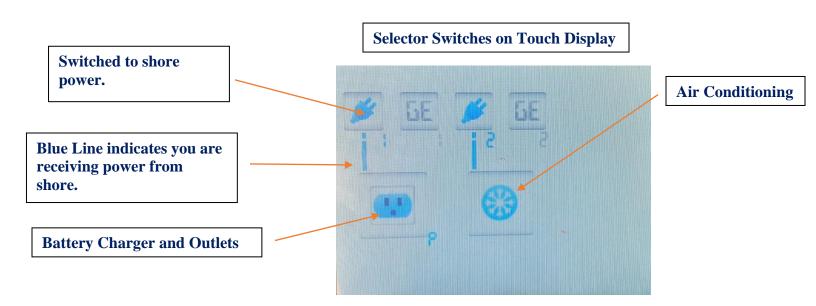
Motoring to a destination will automatically charge your batteries. When anchored or moored you can run your engine(s) in neutral at 1400 RPMs to charge your batteries.

If your batteries get to 12.2 volts, then it is time to recharge your batteries. At 12.2 volts it should take about 1.5 hours of charging to get them back to a good charge. It is important that you recharge the batteries completely every day. This may take 2 or 3 charges per day. But you can break this up into more charges of shorter periods of time. Once you think you have charged enough or you just want to go for a sail, turn off the charging system. Wait about 15 minutes and then check the voltage of your house battery. A fully charged battery should come to rest around 12.8 volts. If the batteries do not get to this level, then they need more charging. Please note that you will see elevated voltage readings when charging and just after charging. The latter is why you should wait 15 minutes before checking your voltage after charging.

### Charging with shore power and generator:

Using the 110volt charger via generator or shore power will charge your batteries; Just check that the battery charger is turned on as this is not completely automatic. And check that you see your house battery has an elevated charge level, 13 volts or more whilst charging.

There are two selector switches in the starboard fwd locker that should stay in the auto position (You can select shore or generator using the touch display at the nav desk. Please refer to these steps under section 6 of this manual). In the case of a system failure, the switches can be operated manually. **Call the manager on duty if there is a system failure.** On shore power you have air conditioning, 110v power to your outlets and you are charging your batteries.



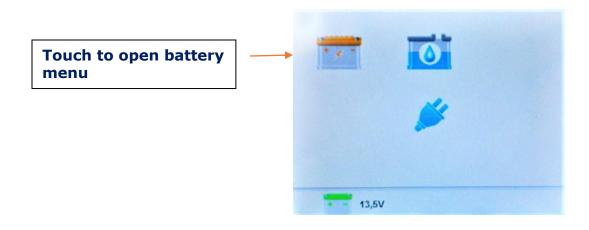
### **Generator not charging batteries:**

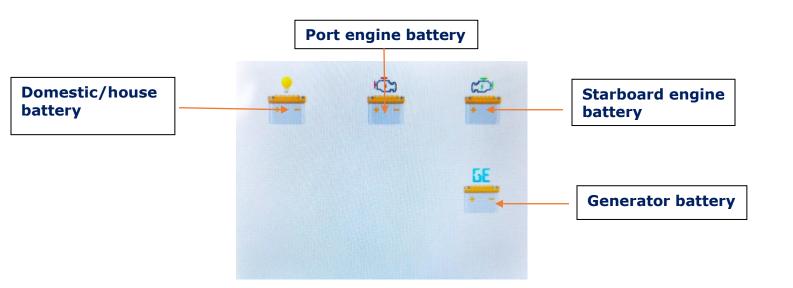
- Check battery charger breakers are in the on position.
- Check transfer switches. Ensure selector switches are turned to generator and not shore power.
- Check the main breaker on the left side of the generator. When this breaker is off the generator will run but there is no power going to the chargers and air conditioning units.



### **Not Receiving Power from Shore:**

- Check selector switches are set to shore power and not generator.
- Check the cable is plugged in all the way, you should be able to twist the cable clockwise on both ends.
- If you are still not receiving power from shore move the shore cable to another pedestal and ensure the breakers on the pedestal are in the on position.



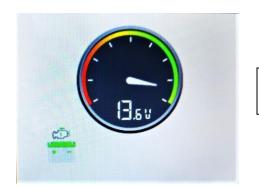


# Domestic/House battery voltage

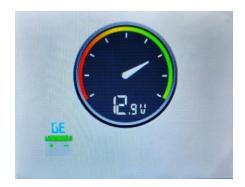




Port engine battery voltage



Starboard engine battery voltage



## **Generator battery voltage**





Chain Length: 275ft Minimum Scope: 5:1

Always use the snubbing line Set anchor in reverse at 1500rpms.

### **Setting your anchor:**

### **Preparation:**

- Establish a nonverbal communication system between helmsperson and windlass operator, as with the noise of the engine and wind, verbal communication proves difficult.
- Shorten the painter so that it cannot go under the yacht and wrap around the prop.

#### Location:

- Choose a clear area to anchor in and you can see the bottom. A white bottom is sand and perfect for anchoring. A brown or green bottom will be grass, rock, or coral. Only anchor in sand. Maximum depth would be 1/5<sup>th</sup> of your anchor rode. Remember the depth is set from the bottom of your keel so keel draft should be added to the reading of your depth gauge.
- Anchoring on a lee shore is not recommended and would recommend using both your primary and secondary anchor if you choose to anchor off a lee shore. (See below)

### **Action:**

- Always have your engine revs increased to @ 1400 rpms before windlass operator touches the windlass remote. The windlass needs optimum energy to operate correctly.
- Minimum scope is 5:1. In heavy weather you may want to increase that, always ensuring your swing area is clear of any obstacles.
- Use the elements; approach from downwind or current, whichever prevails.
- Have the anchor ready to deploy. This may require you to slack the chain and manually push the anchor slightly overboard so that it will go deploy when you press down on the remote.
- Once the yacht is stationary use the electric windlass to drop the anchor to the sea floor. The
  elements will push you back and away from the anchor. Keep deploying chain until you have
  acquired the correct scope. Attach the snubbing line.
- Always attach the snubbing line before setting the anchor with the engine and whilst you are
  anchored. The snubbing line protects the windlass, and it is important that you attach the
  snubber every time you set the anchor. Attach the hook around the chain link (the hook is
  too big to go through the link) and cleat off the end of the line to a bow cleat. Pay out
  enough chain so that the snubbing line becomes taut.
- If the hook falls of the chain, it means that there is not enough tension on the line. You may
  need to hold slight tension on the snubbing line as you deploy more chain until the snubber
  takes the load of the anchorage. Engage reverse, slowly building up to 1500 rpm to really
  drive your anchor into the sand. Take transits as you set the anchor so that you know that
  the anchor is not dragging.

• It is always advisable to snorkel the anchor and ensure it is bedded in correctly and not just lying on its side or hooked on a rock.

### **Retrieving Primary Anchor:**

Never use the windlass to pull the yacht to the anchor. The windlass operator should point in
the direction of the anchor chain so that the helmsman can move slowly in that direction. As
soon as there is some slack on the anchor chain the bowman tells the helmsman to put the
engine in neutral and then increase RPMs. Bowman then retrieves all the slack chain. When
the chain becomes taut then you repeat the process from the beginning. Ensure the anchor
does not swing into the bow of the yacht.

### **Setting a secondary anchor:**

• Your secondary anchor is a quick set type of anchor and is usually stored in the cockpit locker. It has 30 feet of chain and about 170 feet of line. For this reason, we have always found it easiest to put this chain in the dinghy with two people and deploy it from there. Take note where your primary is and drive away from the yacht at a 45-degree angle of the primary. Drop the anchor with the shank pointed at the yacht and deploy the rode as you drive back to the bow of the yacht. Tie off at the bow. Once back on the yacht and dinghy secured, manually take the slack out of the 2<sup>nd</sup> rode, and tie off. Now engage reverse to 1500 RPMs as before.

### Manual operation of the windlass

If you lose power to your windlass, start the engine and rev to 1500 rpms to make sure you have not got low battery voltage. Check that the breaker shown below has not tripped in the STBD cabin behind the door. If you still have no power, you can operate the windlass manually.

To drop the anchor, insert the windlass handle into the central hole on the top of the windlass.

Turn the handle anticlockwise so that the gypsy loosens its grip on the chain. Your anchor is now ready to drop.

Remove the safety line or safety pin, and push the anchor over the bow, keeping hands and feet clear. Control the rate the chain pays out by tightening or loosening the wing nut with the stainless handle.

When you have paid out enough chain, between 5 to 8 times the water depth, push the handle forward to tighten the wing nut. Next, fit the bridle and release more chain on the gypsy so that the load is taken up on the snubbing line.

To raise the anchor, put the handle in the outer hole and turn the whole drum clockwise, this will wind in the chain. However, it is quicker if you pull the anchor up by hand as the helmsperson motors forward a little at a time, to give you slack on the chain. If you are reasonably fit and strong, it is possible to heave an anchor aboard.



### **ELECTIC WINCHES**

There is a two-speed electric winch at the helm station. Turn cap to expose the buttons or the cover the buttons to prevent accidental use of the winch. When using the electric winch keep an eye on the sail as it is going up to make sure battens do not get caught in the lazy jack lines.

### Three two-speed winches at helm



### Two-way winch for traveller



#### **Winch Breakers**

The electric winch breakers will trip if a unit is overloaded. It is in the cupboard by the starboard companion way. To reset it simply push down the yellow lever to the '1' position.



- Ensure dinghy painter tied off short on the bow or amidships and clear of the prop.
- Ensure there are 2 long dock lines at the bow, one attached to each bow cleat.
- Approach mooring buoy, keeping the bow into the wind or current, whichever prevails.
- Have a crew member on the bow to pick up the mooring pennant with the boat hook.
- The bowman will direct the helmsman to the mooring, using the already established non-verbal communication system. Once at the mooring, inspect the buoy and pennant for any signs of wear and tear generally the overnight moorings are well maintained, the day balls to a lesser degree. If you are ever unsure about a mooring buoy's integrity, choose another location to moor up.
- Pick up the mooring pennant using the boat hook. Pass one dock line through the pennant and fasten the dock line back on its cleat. Repeat with the second line.
- Once you have secured your lines remember to centralize the wheel and lock in place to avoid the yacht sailing around the buoy.
- Now set up a back-up line. The line should lead from a bow cleat to the mooring buoy and fasten on to the buoy itself. It is always easier to do this from the dinghy.
- To depart, slowly motor the yacht forward to create slack, release one end of the dock lines from their cleats and allow to slip through the pennant eye. Allow the pennant to fall into the water. Fall back with the wind or current and be careful not to foul your prop on any moorings.
- Remember to tie your dinghy on a short painter and away from the stern whenever you are manoeuvring in close quarters.

Your yacht is equipped with two manuals and two electric bilge pumps (one in each hull). The primary bilge pumps are on float switches and operate automatically providing that the bilge pump switch on the 12v panel is left in the center position. If the float switch fails, the pumps can be forced to operate by pushing the switch on the 12v panel. It is important that you check all the bilges once a day.





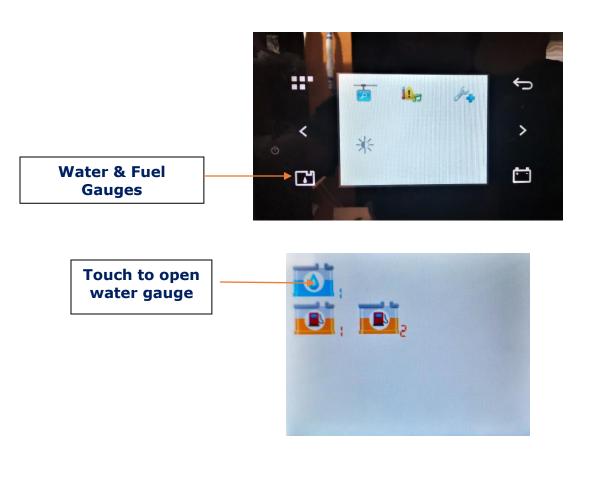
The manual pumps are on either side of the cockpit at the rear and the handles for these are towed under the central cockpit locker lid.



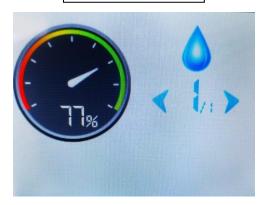
Clearlake III is equipped with two inter-connected water tanks with a combined capacity of 160 gallons. There are therefore no changeover valves.

Before filling the tanks, let the water run from the hose for a while before placing the end into the filler amidships on the bow, just in front of the salon windows. Please ensure that the correct filler is used, NOT the waste tanks or the diesel fills.

To use the freshwater system, turn on the freshwater breaker on the 12v panel and open a faucet. When the tanks run out of water the pump will run at high speed and the faucet will start to cough air. As soon as you hear the pump running continuously, check to see if anyone is using water. If not, switch off the pump at once to prevent the pump from drawing more air into the system or the pump overheating. The water level can be read by pressing the top button under the LCD display on the 12v panel.







### **Water Maker (Starboard Forward Cabin)**

### **Electric Panel**

**TDS Meter (Total Dissolved Solids)** 

Status/Alarm Indicators Reverse Osmosis Desalination
www.watermakers.com

RUN TIME

PRODUCT TDS

RO PRESSURE
PUMP

OFF

POWER

DESALINATE

PUMP

REMOTE

**Hour Meter** 

Power Available Indicator

**Rotary Switch** 

**Emergency Stop Pushbutton** 

Flow Panel

LOW FEED PRESSURE

SYSTEM



Manual Product Diverter

> Reject Flow Meter

R.O. Gauge

**Product Flow** 

Meter

Pressure Regulator Valve

### Watermaker Start-Up

- 1. Place the manual product diverter in the desired tank fill position.
- 2. Turn the rotary switch to the "Desalinate" position.
- **3.** The feed pump should start as indicated by the Feed Pump light on the electric panel and after a few seconds flow should be seen in the reject flow meter.
- **4.** After a time delay of 30 seconds the R.O Pump should start as indicated by the R.O Pump light on the electric panel.
- **5.** Allow 30 second for the system to stabilize.
- **6.** Adjust the seawater pressure by slowly turning the pressure regulator valve in the clockwise direction until the R.O Pressure gauge indicates 900psi or up to 1.0 G.P.H maximum.
- **7.** Flow should be seen in the product flow meter. Once the product water TDS falls below 550ppm it will be diverted to the selected tank automatically.

**Note:** Do not run the watermaker in Anegada! Too much Plankton in the water can clog the prefilters quickly

The watermaker uses a lot of power. Turn off the air conditioning units when using the watermaker on generator power or this can cause the generator to trip.





### Watermaker Shutdown

- 1. Turn the pressure regulator slowly counterclockwise until fully open.
- 2. Place the rotary switch in the OFF position.
- **3.** The R.O Pump should stop as indicated by the R.O. Pump light on the electric panel.
- **4.** After a time delay of 10 seconds the Feed Pump should stop as indicated by the Feed Pump light on the electrical panel.





### **Auto rinse**

**Note:** The watermaker must be rinsed with fresh water after each use and every 7-10 days of non-use to avoid fouling the membranes.

The watermaker on Clearlake III has an auto rinse feature. This will operate for several minutes safter each use and every seven days providing there is power available. Please maintain power by allowing the generator to run approximately ten minutes after watermaker shut down.







15. Heads

- Nothing is to be put down the head unless it has been digested first.
- Clearlake III is fitted with electric heads.

Blocked heads due to any other blockage other than mechanical failure of parts is at the charterer's expense as per your charter contract. This includes the chase boat and technician's fee.



- Before use, ensure that there is enough water in the bowl.
- If the bowl is empty, hold the lower Flush Control Switch on Wet Bowl position until the flushing pump is primed, and water enters the bowl.
- During use, pump as necessary to keep the contents of the bowl low enough for comfort.
- After use, hold the upper Flush Control Switch Flush/Rinse bowl until the water in the bowl is clear (Flush for as long as possible so the waste travels all the way through the lines.
- When the water in the bowl is clear, hold the lower Flush Control Switch on the Dry Bowl side until the bowl is empty. Always leave the bowl empty to minimize odour and spillage.

AFTER USE DRY BOWL (SHUT) ( ) THE FLUSH CONTROL.

Clearlake III has an operational holding tank for each hull. Waste goes directly to the holding tank and can only be discharged by holding down the button above the holding tank gauge. Always remember to flush your holding tanks when sailing or motoring since on Clearlake III the holding tanks are always accumulating waste and must be flushed manually.

Check that the holding tanks are empty before returning the vessel and please flush each one through to minimize residual odors.



Hold to discharge holding tank.

Holding tank gauge

Holding tank pump push fuses in stbd forward companion way locker (If holding tank pump is inoperable check this fuse and push the white button back in)



16. Showers

Your yacht has a hot & cold, fresh-water shower in each head and on the transom. If the engine has been running, the hot water can be extremely hot – be cautious! Hot water is generated automatically through running the main engines. Hot water can also be created by turning on the water heater breaker on the 110v panel with the generator running or on shore power.

To use the showers, the fresh-water pump must be activated on the 12v panel.

# The shower drains are fully automatic



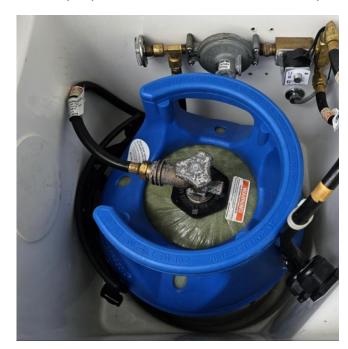
**Deck Shower** 

The valve next to the shower head will switch the water on and off and control the temperature.

To use the shower head, simply pull it out and press the lever on the back. If no water comes out, make sure that the 12V water switch is on and the shower hose is not kinked.



The propane tank locker is in the cockpit in the fwd locker. There is one large propane tank.





#### To use:

- Turn on the Propane switch in locker below the galley sink. This opens the solenoid on the tank.
- To light, turn the knob that corresponds to the burner that you wish to use through 90 degrees anticlockwise, push the knob in and light the burner using the matches provided.
- Hold the knob in for 10-15 seconds, then release. Make sure that the flame goes all the way around. Reduce any wind that may hinder this by closing hatches or switching off fans.
- Light the oven in the same way, pressing the knob in whilst holding your match to the bottom burner.
- If you cannot get it to light, check the manual valve on the propane tank itself.

The 12v solenoid system is USCG approved device. You do not need to shut any manual valves unless you wish.

### **FOUR BURNER STOVE**



### **OVEN**



### Gas safety

All our yachts are fitted with propane detectors. On Clearlake III, the display is located to the right of the 12V panel. The propane 'sniffer' has been placed in the bilge (propane is heavier than air and so will sink into the bilge). The detectors are sensitive to several types of gas and will trigger the alarm. The alarm can also be triggered if there is moisture in the bilge. If the alarm sounds it does not necessarily mean that the propane system is leaking, so do not panic!!

### If the alarm goes off, follow these steps:

- Close the valve on the propane tank.
- Check the stove and surrounding area for propane smell.
- If detected, open all the bilges and hatches. Point the boat downwind and use the manual bilge pump to pump out the bilges.
- Call Horizon immediately



Under no circumstances should you use the electrical bilge pumps or any other electrical system if you suspect a gas leak. Call Horizon immediately.

There are two 12-volt refrigerators and a 12-volt freezer on board your vessel. This system is designed to run 24hrs a day if you wish. To ensure that it does not fail there are two things you should do.

- Firstly, keep your batteries charged. If the level goes below 12v the system will malfunction. Refer to section 10 for charging instructions.
- Secondly, do not puncture the cold plate in your fridge! Do not chip at the ice or use any other sharp items in the fridge. If something is frozen to the side of the fridge do not force it away. Poor warm water on it if you need to melt the ice.

Each unit can be individually controlled using the thermostats located in each unit. On your arrival, the dials will all be set to their coolest setting. Keep it on this setting until all your food has chilled thoroughly. Then you can turn the system down or off if you wish. Or if it is not cold enough you can augment the system with ice.

Ask one of our staff for a deck cooler if you would like one for storing your drinks. It will keep the drinks cooler and the refrigeration colder, as people will not be going in it every 5 minutes for a drink. There is also an in-build cooler for drinks just forward of the salon seating.

Please note that we are in the tropics, and we cannot guarantee that items will remain frozen when placed in the fridge and that fruit, vegetables and other fresh produce may have a shortened shelf life.



Ice maker

**Cockpit Fridge** 



The icemaker is 110V only. It will only run on generator or shore power. Move ice to freezer after you have made ice to keep it frozen.

19. BBQ

• When using the BBQ, tie your dinghy off at the side of the yacht, not off the stern.

- Never use the BBQ while sailing.
- Never use the BBQ on a dock.
- Never change propane tanks when using the BBQ.
- Make sure someone is always tending the BBQ when hot.
- Call us if you have too much food.



**Regulator**Come in blue and grey



### Propane canisters needed for Grill.



### **Operating Procedures**

# Operate only on "Low" when the lid is closed. Always operate with grease tray in place.

**Warning:** Do not overhead the grill. Magma grills do not require pre-heating. Most grilling is done on low temperature with the lid closed. If medium or high heat is required, grill with the lid open.

### **Lighting Instructions**

- Open lid during lighting.
- Depress knob and rotate counterclockwise to the "HIGH" flame position.
- Push Electronic Igniter.
- Visually confirm ignition.
- Turn the knob to adjust flame.

### **Match Lighting Instructions**

- Open the lid during lighting.
- Place flame up to burner through the match light hole.
- Depress valve and turn counterclockwise to "HIGH" flame position.
- Visually confirm ignition.

### Before lighting your grill, be sure that:

- The grill is secure and properly mounted.
- You have lots of gas in the canister.
- Gas canister is attached properly and there are no gas leaks.
- Lid lock has been set to no engage.
- Have a water spray bottle handy to cool a hot grill or stop any flareups.

Fire extinguishers are installed in each cabin, under the salon seating and in the central cockpit locker.

### Prevention is the best answer to fire safety.

- Always switch off the safety solenoid when stove is not in use.
- Never leave the stove or oven burning unattended.
- Never change propane tanks whilst barbequing.
- Never smoke below decks.
- Never smoke when changing propane tanks.
- Safely store any flammable liquids (for example charcoal lighter fuel).
- Keep matches away from children.

### **Engine compartment fire:**

In the event of a fire in the engine compartment use the fire extinguisher positioned closest and discharge it through the access hole located centrally on each aft cabin headboard. There is a fully automatic fire extinguisher in each engine compartment.

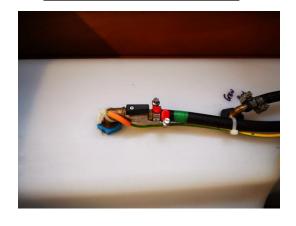
- Pull the yellow key out.
- Press down on the red button until all the contents of the extinguisher have been discharged.
- Fuel shut-off valves are under each aft bunk.
- Do not open the engine compartment even if you think the fire has been extinguished, dying embers can easily be re-ignited by a fresh supply of oxygen (air).



Fuel shut off valves under aft cabin bunks.

### **Engine Fire Access Hole**





### **Open fire:**

- Pull out the yellow safety tab.
- Point the extinguisher at the base of the fire and press down on the red button to discharge contents.
- Generously cover the base of the fire and surrounding area to ensure the fire is under control and cannot spread. Continue discharging extinguisher until the fire is out.



### **Galley fire:**

- Shut off the propane at the tank.
- · Take the fire blanket out of its container.
- Carefully lay the blanket over the fire, laying the blanket away from you and keeping yourself always protected from the flames.
- Ensure hands and limbs are protected from the fire by the blanket.
- Once in place leave the blanket until all heat has gone from the scene of the fire, this way you can be sure that the fire has gone out and will not re-ignite.

#### Smoke alarm:

There is a battery-operated smoke alarm mounted in the salon. This
alarm will be triggered by smoke caused by cooking or burnt toast.
Opening a hatch to allow ventilation will minimize triggering the alarm.
For safety purposes, the 9v battery should not be removed from the
smoke alarm.



The driver of the dinghy must be over 18 and must always be wearing the kill cord. Never operate the dinghy under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

- Always tow your dinghy on a short line while motoring and a long line while sailing, always tow with the engine leg up as it gives you an extra half knot. Secure dinghy painter when dinghy is on the davits.
- If conditions are very rough, the outboard needs to be mounted on the push-pit.
- When going ashore for an evening's entertainment allocate a dinghy captain, someone who will bring the whole crew back to the boat safely, allowing the rest of the crew to enjoy various local cocktails and concoctions.
- To start the engine, lower the motor into the water using the lever on the starboard side of the engine. The lever position corresponds to the motor position, up and fwd for towing and back and down for driving. Check you are in neutral, and **the safety cord is in place**. For starting an engine that has been at rest for 3 or more hrs use the choke. Pull the choke out and set a few revs with the throttle. Do not twist the throttle trying to prime the engine. You will only flood it. Face the engine and pull the start cord and push the choke back in as soon as it runs. If it runs for a second but cuts out, try again without the choke.
- To stop the engine, press the button on top of the kill cord, or pull the kill cord out.
- Keep the kill cord with you to prevent anyone from borrowing it. You have been provided a dinghy lock and cable. Use them.
- Do not drag the dinghy onto a beach; anchor it off or put it on a dock with a stern anchor to prevent damage from going under or hitting the dock.
- Do not speed in and around other yachts, speeding fines have been introduced.
- At night, an all-round white light must be displayed along with red & green side lights, and it is always a good idea to have a flashlight with you, to show the way, and warn other vessels of your presence.
- Wear the life preservers provided in the cockpit lockers when in the dinghy.

# Clearlake III Highfield for Lagoon dinghy with 20HP Honda Outboard

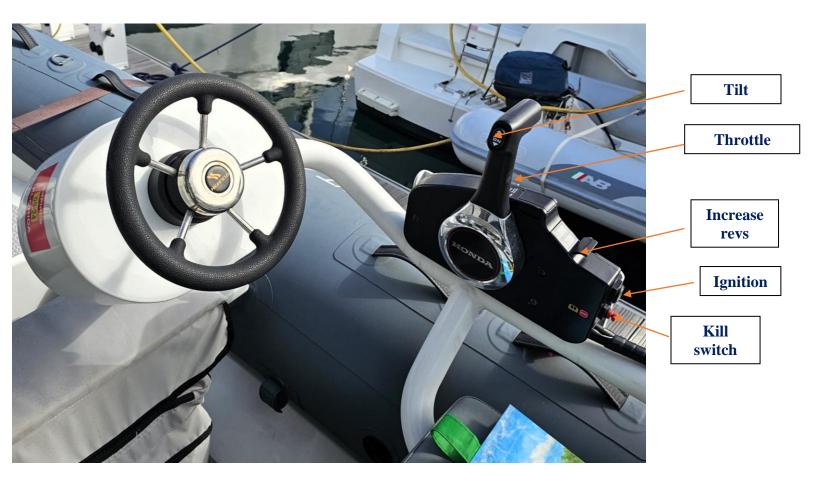


Outboard Engine - Honda 20HP 4-Stroke (Do Not Add Oil)

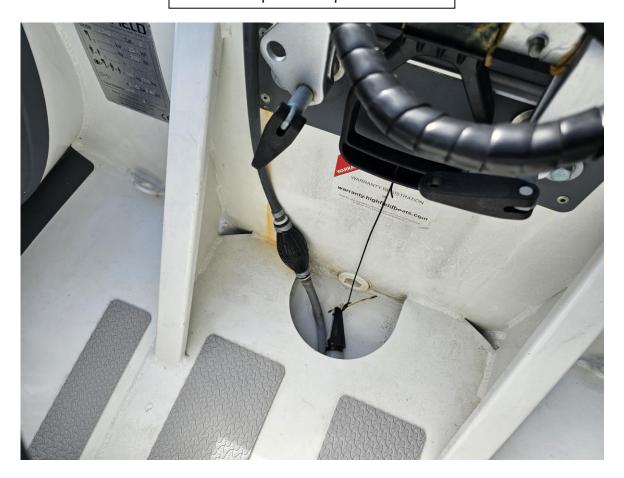


### **Outboard start procedure:**

- **1.** Turn on the battery switch.
- 2. Place Kill cord under kill switch (Dinghy driver must always wear the kill cord).
- **3.** Put the key into the ignition.
- 4. Open vent on fuel tank cap (this vent can stay open; it allows air out but will not allow water to go in). The fuel in the tank expands in this climate and if the vent is left closed it can damage the tank and cause a fuel leak.
- **5.** Few pumps on fuel line bulb behind the seat.
- **6.** Make sure the outboard throttle is in the neutral position.
- 7. Add some revs using throttle on tiller handle.
- **8.** Turn the key to start.



**Dinghy drain plug**To drain water from the dinghy pull the dinghy drain plug while it is up on the platform.



### **Lowering the Dinghy Lift:**

- Refit the dinghy plug if it was removed.
- Undo the safety locks on both sides (port and starboard.
- Holding down the switch until the platform just over the water.
- Undo the dinghy safety straps.
- With the dinghy painter in hand continue lowering the dinghy until it is afloat.
- Once the dinghy is off the platform, lift platform out of the water.

### Raising the Dinghy Lift:

- Move dinghy over the lift platform.
- Raise platform until dinghy is resting on the two holsters.
- Secure dinghy safety straps.
- Raise platform all the way up.
- Refit and secure safety locks on both sides.





### **Dinghy Lift Control Switch**



